

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 11.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1861.

NO. 40.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

The WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance. Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

The Frankfort Commonwealth.
A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.
J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unexcelled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old parties broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the vital question at present is Union or disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate fronside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type. Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum. Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,
FOR SALE
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.
MONROE & HARRIS'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.
2 vols. Price \$10 00
REVISED STATUTES OF KENTUCKY,
1 vol. Price 5 00
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION,
1 vol. Price 3 00
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HERNDON,
1 vol. Price 3 00
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Pamphlet form. Price 1 00
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1 vol. Price 3 00

BLANKS.

BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXCEUTIONS.
Price—50 cts. per quire.
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Price—50 cts. per quire.
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Price—50 cts. per quire.
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Price—50 cts. per quire.
BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.
Price—75 cts. per quire.
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Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work. In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

LAWYER'S BRIEFS
Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

BLANKS.
Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

LAW NOTICE.

JAMES B. CLAY. THOS. B. MONROE, JR.
CLAY & MONROE.
WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe. Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.
April 9, 1860-w&twf.

JAMES SIMPSON.....JOHN L. SCOTT.
SIMPSON & SCOTT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON, and JOHN L. SCOTT will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Printing Office. j&w&twf.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. J. G. KEENON,
HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.
Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner.
[Aug. 29, 1860-tf.]

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
LEXINGTON, KY.
Office on Short street between Limonstone and Upper streets.
May 23, 1859-tf.

LYSANDER HORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.
Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

G. W. CRADDOCK. CHARLES F. CRADDOCK.
CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties
Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

J. W. FINNELL. V. T. CHAMBERS.
FINNELL & CHAMBERS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—West Side Court St. bet. Third & Fourth Street.
COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.
February 22, 1860-tf.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.
Jan. 3, 1859-tf.

JOHN RODMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.
[Oct. 25, 1853.]

J. H. KINKEAD,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Missouri, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Office up stairs in the Gallatin San Office.
May 6, 1857-tf.

DENTAL SURGERY,

BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.

Operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.

Office at his residence on Main street.
Frankfort, May 27, 1853.

ICE! ICE!!

ALL citizens of Frankfort wishing to secure a supply of fine clear ice for the season, are requested to call at the Confectionary of Gray & Todd, where they can be supplied with tickets. Will commence delivering my ice on Monday, May 6th, and continue through the season. My terms are cash—and will not be departed from.

Families wishing ice at any time in the day, can be supplied from my residence.
May 3-w&twf. SAN. GOINS.

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.
ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Fall Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.
No. 227 Main, above Third Street.
N. B.—Large size Garments of all styles.
September 19, 1860-w&twf.

FOR RENT.

THE two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.
Dec. 14, 1859-tf. ORLANDO BROWN.

W. H. KEENE,

Wholesale and retail Grocer and Dealer in all kinds of foreign and domestic Liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky.
A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon Whisky—none better.

Cigars.
Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Uguers" and "Compania."

Garden Seeds.
A full assortment of Pitkin, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries.
Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at fair prices.

Flour and Meal.
The best brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies.

I have everything in the line of Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. Also, Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco and Cigars, &c., all of which are selected from the best assortments and with great care.
I only ask an examination of my stock to insure sales. My terms are as heretofore, preferring cash, but will sell to prompt customers payable 1st January, May, and September. Call and see me. [ward & twf] W. H. KEENE.

MOSELEY'S TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON



ARCH BRIDGES
AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.
(ARCHES AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufactory is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.
Leave orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati.
April 2, 1860-by. MOSELEY & CO.

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Main Street, Frankfort, Ky.

JAMES R. WATSON, Proprietor.

HAVING taken this well known house for a term of years, and thoroughly refitted it in every department, I am now prepared to receive and accommodate my guests in the most comfortable and pleasant manner. The individual and careful attention of myself and assistants will be assiduously directed to the comfort and pleasure of those who may honor the house with their patronage. If neat and clean beds, genteel rooms, a sumptuous table, and polite and attentive servants, will receive patronage, I am determined to deserve it. The Bar will be supplied at all times with the choicest liquors, cigars, and tobacco.
JAMES R. WATSON.
Frankfort, May 9, 1860.

SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,

TAKES pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced. The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery), is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photographic pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.
Call and See. July 9, 1860-w&twf.

CIRCULAR.

JOHN A. FLYNN,

PROFESSOR OF

Drawing, Writing, and Book-keeping.

HE would respectfully inform the citizens of South Frankfort, that a class for Young Ladies will be opened on Monday, June 10th, 1861, at the residence of Rev. Mr. McGraw, commencing at 8 o'clock, A. M., and closing at 9 o'clock.

A beautiful style, either in the Writing or Drawing Department, will be taught on the following terms:
For Writing, including materials, \$1 50 p. mth.
For Drawing, including materials, \$2 25 p. mth.
Lessons in either department at the option of the pupil.

The Professor submits the following testimony:

FRANKFORT, KY., May 22, 1861.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that our children have taken lessons in writing, under the care of Mr. John A. Flynn, and we are happy to say their improvement has been highly satisfactory. We consider Mr. Flynn a kind and efficient teacher, and we therefore most warmly recommend him to all the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity who may require his services.

James R. Watson, W. H. Gray,
H. G. Banta, Mary W. Todd,
Ben. F. Meek, James R. Page,
H. Rodman, John C. Bates,
Nelson Allen, Arabella Welch,
W. C. Sneed, M. A. Gay,
John W. Pruett, Thos. N. Lindsey,
James M. Todd, Geo. Wythe Lewis.
Frankfort, June 3, 1861-tf.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned, having been compelled by the late fire to change his location, has removed his

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT to the room lately occupied by Beyer and Calender, on Main Street, opposite to the Mansion House, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers and many new ones. He hopes by strict attention to business, and by charging reasonable prices, such as suit the times, to merit and receive a fair proportion of public patronage.
L. STREIF.
May 27, 1861-w&tw3ca.

AYER'S Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such a remedy is enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of Fever and Ague from the system and prevents the development of the disease if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in bilious districts, where Fever and Ague prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection.

It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all—the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Nephritis, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. It taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents, if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of the cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Irritation of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alternative for the renovation of the blood and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted that can never be forgotten, and succeeded, cure too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

For sale by J. M. MILLS and W. H. AVERILL

Frankfort, and by all Druggists.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky.,

April 23, 1861-ly. General Agents.

PRATHER & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS

AND LADIES FURS,

429 Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Oct. 24, 1860-w&twf.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington

and Frankfort Railroad.

On and after Monday, April 22, 1861, trains will

leave Frankfort as follows:

Trains going West at 7:13 A. M., and 3:3 P. M.

Trains going East at 8:30 A. M., and 6:20 P. M.

The Morning Train West makes connection for Chicago, leaving Jeffersonville at 2:30 P. M.

The Afternoon Train makes connection for Jeffersonville, New Albany, and Ohio and Mississippi roads for the West and South.

The Nashville Trains leave Louisville at 7:45 A. M., and 7:00 P. M.—making close connections for the South.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

April 24, 1860-tf. 28-7-60-man copy.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST AND

J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes,

Record, for Ledgers and Records.

Copying, for Letter Press,

Carmines, of brilliant hue.

CELEBRATED FOR

1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.)

2d. Easy flow from the Pen.

3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.)

4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION.—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are fit only to be thrown away before half consumed.)
The Carmines may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities.

1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand.

2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by J. J. BUTLER, Agent, No. 39, Fine St. Cincinnati, O.

KEENON & GIBBONS are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of carriage.
April 10, 1861-by.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!!

For the cure of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS.

THE MAKORA ARABICA,

DISCOVERED BY A

Missionary while traveling in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Consumption should use the MAKORA ARABICA, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are threatened with Consumption should use the Makora Arabica, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Bronchitis should use the Makora Arabica, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Sore Throat, Coughs, and Colds, should use the Makora Arabica, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

All who are suffering from Asthma, Scrofula, and Impurities of the Blood, should use the Makora Arabica, discovered by a missionary in Arabia.

It cures Consumption.

It cures Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds.

It cures Asthma, Scrofula, and impurities of the blood.

This unequalled remedy is now for the first time introduced to the public.

It was provisionally discovered by a missionary while traveling in Arabia. He was cured of Consumption by its use, after his case was pronounced hopeless by learned physicians in Europe.

He has forwarded to us, in writing, a full account of his own extraordinary cure, and of a number of other cures which have come under his observation, and also a full account of the medicine.

At his request, and impelled by a desire to extend a knowledge of this remedy to the public, we have had his communication printed in pamphlet form for free distribution. Its interest is enhanced by an account which he gives of some of the scenes of the Syrian massacres, which he obtained from those who were sufferers in that awful tragedy. This pamphlet may be obtained at our office, or it will be sent free by mail to all who apply for it.

We import the MAKORA ARABICA direct from Smyrna, through the house of Cleon & Gypson, and we have always on hand a full supply put up in bottles, ready for use, with full directions.

Price one dollar per bottle. Sent by mail, on receipt of price and 24 cents for postage.

For sale wholesale and retail by

LEEDS, GILMORE & CO.,

Importers of Drugs and Medicines.

61 Liberty street, New York.

ALSO, BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

mar15/61 w&twf

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & GRISWOLD.)

Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1861.

Office of Clerk of the Senate.

The Clerk of the Senate would inform the members of the Legislature and all other persons having official business with him, that his office is in the 2d story of the Commonwealth Office building, where he may be found, except when the Senate is in session, or he is otherwise necessarily absent.

UNION DOCUMENTS.—Members of the Legislature who may wish them can be supplied by calling at our office—where they have been printed for gratuitous distribution.

Important Correspondence.

We take great pleasure in laying before our readers the following correspondence. It speaks for itself.

LETTER FROM HON. JOSEPH HOLT TO SENATOR JAMES SPEED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12th, 1861.

My dear Sir:—I hasten to place before you the enclosed correspondence with the President of the United States. The action which he has taken, was prompt and decided, and must prove satisfactory to the friends of the Union in Kentucky.

The act of Congress alluded to, was a necessity under the circumstances, and was fully justified by the usages of civilized warfare. The government has the same right to confiscate slaves engaged in digging trenches or mounting guns for the rebels, that it has to confiscate their arms when captured in the progress of the war; but having confiscated them, Congress goes no further. Upon this law, the President stands firmly, and in doing so, and in disavowing General Fremont's proclamation, he gives another of the ever multiplying proofs that this war, which is one for national existence, does not seek to extinguish or interfere with slavery as established in the States. If this institution suffers detriment from the events or issues of the rebellion, the blow will come from those who, under the pretense of defending it, are striking at the life of a government, under whose constitution, it has enjoyed complete shelter and protection for three quarters of a century.

The occupation of Columbus, by armed Tennesseans, under the leadership of Bishop Polk and Pillow, has excited no surprise here, where the unscrupulous character and ultimate aims of the rebel chieftains, are well understood. So long as Kentucky maintained that most illusory of all attitudes—neutrality, and carefully guarded an extended and exposed position of the frontier of the rebel government—in a word so long as she subserved the purposes of the conspirators, seeking the overthrow of the republic, and gave reason to hope that she would finally unite her fortunes with them, she was graciously let alone. So soon, however, as she declared her loyalty to a government, to which she is indebted for all her prosperity, and to which she is united by the most solemn ties of duty, affection, and of interest, her soil is ruthlessly invaded, and under the promptings and guidance of traitors in her own bosom, her vote at the polls is now to be reversed by the bayonets of Tennesseans, and the proud old Commonwealth reduced to the condition of a conquered province of that political Pandemonium, called the Southern Confederacy. Those who have read her history, and know the spirit of her people, can have no fears as to the result of this audacious assault upon her honor and independence. The government here will give all possible support to the State at the earliest moment practicable.

Very sincerely yours,
J. HOLT.

GEN. JAMES SPEED, Frankfort, Ky.

LETTER FROM HON. JOSEPH HOLT TO PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12th, 1861.

Dear Sir:—The late act of Congress, providing for the confiscation of the estates of persons in open rebellion against the government, was, as a necessary war measure, accepted and fully approved by the loyal men of the country. It limited the penalty of confiscation to property actually employed in the service of the rebellion with the knowledge and consent of its owners, and instead of emancipating slaves thus employed, left their status to be determined either by the courts of the United States, or by subsequent legislation. The proclamation, however, of General Fremont, under date of the 30th of August, transcends, and of course, violates the law in both these particulars, and declares that the property of rebels, whether used in support of the rebellion or not, shall be confiscated, and, if consisting in slaves, that they shall be at once manumitted. The act of Congress referred to, was believed to embody the conservative policy of your administration upon this delicate and perplexing question, and hence the loyal men of the border slave states have felt relieved of all fears of any attempt on the part of the government of the United States to liberate, suddenly, in their midst, a population unprepared for freedom, and whose presence could not fail to prove a source of painful apprehension, if not of terror to the homes and families of all. You may therefore well judge of the alarm and condemnation with which the Union loving citizens of Kentucky—the state with whose popular sentiment I am best acquainted—have read this proclamation. The hope is earnestly indulged by me, as it is by myself, that this paper was issued under the pressure of a military necessity which General Fremont

believed justified the step, but that, in the particulars specified, it has not your approbation, and will not be enforced in derogation of law. The magnitude of the interests at stake, and my extreme desire, that by no misapprehension of your sentiments or purposes, shall the power and fervor of the loyalty of Kentucky be at this moment abated or chilled, must be my apology for the frankness with which I have addressed you, and for the request I venture to make, of an expression of your views upon the points of General Fremont's proclamation on which I have commented.

I have the honor to be
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. HOLT.

HIS EXCELLENCY, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States.

LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT TO GENERAL FREMONT.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Sept. 11th, 1861.

Major-General John C. Fremont:

SIR:—Yours of the 8th, in answer to mine of the 2d instant, is just received. As I am not, you, upon the ground, could better judge of the necessities of your position than I could, at this distance, on being your proclamation of August 30th, I perceived no general objections to it. The particular clause, however, in relation to the confiscation of property and the liberation of slaves, appeared to me to be objectionable in its non-conformity to the act of Congress passed the 6th of August upon the same subjects, and hence I wrote you expressing my wish that that clause should be modified accordingly. Your answer, just received, expresses the preference on your part, that I should make an open order for the modification, which I very cheerfully do.

It is therefore ordered that the said clause of said proclamation, be so modified, held, and construed, as to conform to and not transcend the provisions on the same subject contained in the act of Congress, entitled, "An act to confiscate property used for insurrectionary purposes," approved August 6, 1861, and that said act be published at length, with this order.

Your obedient servant,
A. LINCOLN.

LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT TO HON. JOSEPH HOLT.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Sept. 12, 1861.

Hon. Joseph Holt:

DEAR SIR:—Yours of this day, in relation to the late proclamation of Gen. Fremont, is received. Yesterday I addressed a letter to him by mail, on the same subject, and which is intended to be made public when he receives it. I herewith send you a copy of that letter, which perhaps shows my position as distinctly as any new one I could write. I will thank you not to make it public until Gen. Fremont shall have had time to receive the original.

Your obedient servant,
A. LINCOLN.

ANOTHER INVASION.—It will be seen by reference to our legislative proceedings that Gen. Zollicoffer discovered a "military necessity" on this side of the state line, and has stepped over and taken possession of it. He then very complacently sits down and reports his exploit to our Governor. Look at the excuse he gives for his invasion. Kentuckians have established a camp on their own lands, with no earthly object than that of self defense. Tennessee had camps long before camp Dick Robinson was thought of. Yet no one in Kentucky thought of invading Tennessee on this account. This is carrying neutrality a little too far. If we are not much mistaken, General Zollicoffer will discover another military necessity one of these fine mornings, which will be located on the other side of the State line.

We are informed by a friend and subscriber at Harrodsburg that our paper frequently fails to reach that place. We know that our paper is regularly put in the office here by us, and we believe that our clever and attentive Post Master regularly mails them. The fault lies some where on the route. We would thank all the Post Masters and Deputies to let our packets pass. We would rather supply them gratuitously than that our subscribers should miss getting their papers.

KENTUCKY'S GOVERNOR.—The Governor has communicated to this Legislature, in three distinct messages, three distinct accounts of three invasions of Kentucky, and has expressed no indignation thereat, nor yet suggested any measures whereby Kentucky could wipe the damning stain from her escutcheon. We leave comment for those who feel like it.

From Jefferson City.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 14.—A special to the Republican says the steamer Sioux City, just arrived from above there, brings the intelligence that the fight at Booneville yesterday morning terminated in a complete victory to the Home Guards, under Major Eppertson, who held the intrenchments. The Rebels, 1,000 strong, were driven back, and were in the neighborhood of Booneville when the Sioux City passed. The Rebels lost one killed and four wounded. The Rebels lost twelve killed and thirty wounded. Among the killed were Col. Brown and Capt. Brown. A small detachment of Federal troops on the Sioux City had an engagement with Green's forces at Glasgow, of half an hour's duration, when a battery of three guns opened on the boat, and they returned without loss.

The Lexington Statesman on the Union.

"We are no Union men. We boast no loyalty to Lincoln's Government, and profess no more love for the Union of the free and slave States. We go even further, and avow that we are not a reconstructionist. There is but one Union, and that is the Union of our hearts and of the approval of our judgment, and that is A UNION OF THE SLAVE STATES."

[For the Commonwealth.]

The State Penitentiary.

NUMBER SEVEN.

The Convict System—Past and Present.

The penitentiary of a State is the centre to which all the rank iniquity of that State naturally converges. This makes it an interesting point for observation and for the study of blue-book literature. Within the walls of a prison are found the worst of characters in the mass of the unfortunate therein confined; and when properly conducted some of the best of men—the former as criminals bereft of their liberty, the latter as guardians and instructors, whose moral character, it is supposed, have recommended them to public regard as persons to whom may be safely committed the final execution of the laws. The two extremes of society here often meet; and the student of human nature, of civilization, of the laws, and manners and customs of a people, will be able to trace from this focus consequences to their causes, punishments to their crimes, and crimes to their small beginnings in early life, not only clearly and satisfactorily, but in a way that shall open up the hidden laws of early education, the secret influences of example, and the actual condition of society where the pure seeds of iniquity are sown, in a very direct and philosophical manner. It is here alone that the great question can be studied of the distinct object of this mode of punishing criminals.

In the days of Howard, and even for many years later, in this country, the sole object of imprisonment seemed to be for the punishment of crime, and the more cruel and ignominious the punishment, the better it was thought to answer the great ends for which it was inflicted; the practical conclusion from it was that the severer and more certain the punishment the more sure it was to deter from crime. This was the first theory, and all of our early American prisons were conducted upon this principle.

The evils resulting from this system become apparent in the early history of our country, and in Pennsylvania were greatly modified as early as the year 1786, but in the other States did not secure the same attention from the authorities for many years afterwards. There then arose a rational theory, which began by asserting that all punishment, properly understood, was for the imprisonment of the culprit, and, consequently, all its rigors should be softened down by the spirit of unmixt love. These were the two antagonistic principles which engaged the attention of philanthropist fifty or more years ago; and it will be seen that for the first twenty-five years of the history of the Kentucky State prison, the former of these two theories had the prevailing influence, and that, after undergoing a slight change for the better, it has again sunk back to the original, if not gone still lower down in the scale of human degradation.

There is a third theory, however, which takes a middle position between the other two, maintaining that as there are two parties in the case, so there are two sides to be looked at; that society is to be defended against the probable repetition of unpunished crime, and that this is to be done in a manner most likely, at the same time, to benefit the criminal but unfortunate victim of the law. This third theory will be more fully discussed in the future numbers under this head.

Proclamation by the Governor.

In obedience to the subjoined joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Government of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned, are hereby informed that "Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally."

INTENTIMONY WHEREOF.

I have heretofore set my name and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of September, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR., Secretary of State.

Sept. 14, 1861—w&tw-3m.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That his Excellency, Governor Magoffin, be and he is hereby instructed to inform those concerned that Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

ANOTHER INFAMOUS OUTRAGE AT ELIZABETHTOWN.—We are informed that the freight train going South over the Louisville and Nashville railroad yesterday was detained beyond its usual time by Blanton Duncan, James G. Gensuch, John D. Pope, Mitchell La Peille, Phil Victor, and a party of sixty or seventy secessionists, who compelled the engineer and conductor to remain long enough to enable them to ship sixty guns from that point for the Southern Confederacy. The guns were the same that had been taken from this city by Capt. Gorsuch. They had been seized at Elizabethtown, it appears, by order of Maj. A. L. Symmes, and placed in the jail for safe keeping, but Duncan, Gorsuch, and party, broke open the jail yesterday, took possession of the arms, and shipped them to Camp Boone. The officers of the train, it is said, were coerced into measures, the outlaws who stole the guns compelling them to accede to their demands at the muzzle of the pistol.

[Lou. Jour., Sept. 16th.]

"Are you in favor of war? No, but I am in favor of putting down war by force of arms. I am opposed to war, and in favor of obtaining peace by putting down the authors of the war. I am in favor of peace, and I am in favor of the only course that will insure it—driving out armed Rebellion, and negotiating with loyalty."

[D. S. Dickinson.]

"I deprecate war, but if it must come, I am with my country, and for my country, under all circumstances, and in every contingency."—Hon. Stephen A. Douglas.

LEGISLATIVE DIRECTORY.

SENATORS.

J. F. Fisk (Speaker).....No. 51, Capital Hotel.
T. T. Alexander.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
Wm. Anthony.....Mrs. Welch's.
Wm. T. Anthony.....Mrs. Major's.
R. T. Baker.....No. 25, Capital Hotel.
Samuel B. Boles.....M. B. China's.
John B. Bruner.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
James H. G. Bush.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
M. P. Buxton.....Wm. H. Gray's.
Ben. P. Cissell.....No. 18, Capital Hotel.
Charles Chambers.....R. Runyan's.
George Childers.....No. 18, Capital Hotel.
Alex. L. Davidson.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
Samuel E. DeHaven.....No. 78, Capital Hotel.
George Denny.....No. 50, Capital Hotel.
Richard H. Field.....R. W. Blackburn's.
Theo. T. Garrard.....James H. Garrard's.
Geo. W. Glenn.....Geo. W. Lewis's.
John K. Goodloe.....No. 55, Capital Hotel.
Wm. C. Grier.....Yanarsdale's (S. F.).
Asa P. Grover.....No. 41, Capital Hotel.
John L. Irvan.....No. 29, Capital Hotel.
Samuel H. Jenkins.....Mrs. Major's.
John M. Johnson.....C. Steele's.
Martin P. Marshall.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
Thornton F. Marshall.....No. 24, Capital Hotel.
Henry D. McHenry.....No. 90, Capital Hotel.
Charles D. Pennebaker.....No. 80, Capital Hotel.
John A. Prall.....No. 56, Capital Hotel.
William B. Read.....No. 7, Meriwether's.
Albert Q. Risher.....No. 18, Capital Hotel.
James F. Robinson.....No. 15, Capital Hotel.
Ben. Spalding.....Mrs. Welch's.
James Speed.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
Clairborne J. Walton.....Ayer's (S. F.).
Walter C. Whitaker.....No. 72, Capital Hotel.
Chas. T. Worthington.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
J. H. Johnson, Clerk, at George W. Lewis's.
J. R. Hawkins, Assistant Clerk, at H. Wingate's.
J. W. Pruett, Sergeant-at-Arms, at home.
Abijah Gilbert, Door-keeper, at Geo. W. Lewis's.
Chas. T. Campbell, Page, at his mother's.
Sanford Goins, Jr., Page, at his father's.

REPRESENTATIVES.

R. A. Becker (Speaker).....No. 13, Capital Hotel.
Alfred Allen.....No. 88, Capital Hotel.
Jas. W. Anderson.....J. H. Garrard's.
R. C. Anderson.....Capital Hotel.
W. C. Anderson.....No. 38, Capital Hotel.
L. W. Andrews.....No. 12, Capital Hotel.
Vincent Ash.....Mrs. Major's.
E. B. Bachler.....J. H. Garrard's.
John S. Barlow.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
John C. Beaman.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
John W. Blue.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
A. R. Boone.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
Wm. P. Boone.....No. 36, Capital Hotel.
Wm. A. Burdette.....R. C. Steele's.
Curtis F. Burns.....No. 68, Capital Hotel.
E. F. Burns.....No. 41, Capital Hotel.
W. P. D. Bush.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
James Calvert.....No. 57, Capital Hotel.
Cyrus Campbell.....J. D. Pollard's.
J. W. Campbell.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
Wm. A. Carr.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
A. B. Chambers.....Mrs. Major's.
Jos. H. Chandler.....Mrs. Welch's.
Brutus J. Clay.....No. 68, Capital Hotel.
Francis L. Cleveland.....No. 24, Capital Hotel.
J. B. Cochran.....Mrs. Lobban's.
Robert Cochran.....Mrs. Lobban's.
Wm. M. Coffey.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
Wm. L. Conklin.....Chas. Hayden's.
John C. Cooper.....Mrs. Welch's.
Albert A. Curtis.....H. Wingate's.
Lucius Desha.....Mrs. Major's.
Daniel E. Downing.....W. H. Gray's.
W. H. Edmunds.....R. C. Steele's.
John M. Elliott.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
Stephen J. England.....Chas. Hayden's.
George W. Ewing.....No. 18, Capital Hotel.
Hugh F. Finley.....G. W. Lewis's.
John W. Finnell.....No. 14, Capital Hotel.
John W. Glines.....No. 29, Capital Hotel.
Elijah Gabbert.....No. 79, Capital Hotel.
Joseph Gardner.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
Evan M. Garriott.....No. 41, Capital Hotel.
Remus Gibson.....Mrs. Lobban's.
J. C. Gilbert.....No. 29, Capital Hotel.
Henry Griffith.....Mrs. Lobban's.
George M. Hampton.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
John H. Harney.....No. 86, Capital Hotel.
Wm. H. Hays.....R. W. Blackburn's.
Wm. J. Heady.....R. W. Blackburn's.
Joseph W. Heeter.....W. H. Gray's.
John M. Henry.....Chas. Hayden's.
John B. Huston.....No. 39, Capital Hotel.
Wm. C. Ireland.....H. Wingate's.
Richard T. Jacob.....No. 84, Capital Hotel.
Daniel W. Johns.....Chas. Hayden's.
Wm. Johnson.....M. B. China's.
Urban E. Kennedy.....W. H. Gray's.
J. Q. A. King.....R. C. Steele's.
John C. Linder.....M. B. China's.
J. M. C. Lisenby.....W. H. Gray's.
Alex. Lusk.....Chas. Keen's.
Daniel Mathewson.....Dr. Vallandigham's.
P. L. Maxey.....E. Ayre's (S. F.).
David May.....Mrs. Major's.
David P. May.....Mrs. Welch's.
Geo. R. Merritt.....Mrs. Major's.
Otho Miller.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
Thomas Z. Morrow.....W. H. Gray's.
Felix G. Murphy.....No. 10, Meriwether's.
Thomas W. Owens.....No. 92, Capital Hotel.
Geo. P. Palmer.....No. 67, Capital Hotel.
Hiram S. Powell.....Geo. W. Lewis's.
Larkin J. Proctor.....H. Wingate's.
Wm. S. Rankin.....No. 87, Capital Hotel.
Nicholas A. Rapier.....No. 7, Meriwether's.
John Ray.....Mr. Welch's.
Joseph Ricketts.....Chas. Hayden's.
G. D. Rigney.....Dr. H. Rodman's.
George S. Shanklin.....No. 82, Capital Hotel.
Geo. W. Silvertooth.....Mrs. Montgomery's.
G. C. Smith.....No. 74, Capital Hotel.
M. Smith.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).
Robert A. Spalding.....Mrs. Major's.
James P. Sikes.....Chas. Keen's.
Harrison Taylor.....H. Wingate's.
Joshua Tevis.....No. 58, Capital Hotel.
G. M. Thomas.....H. Wingate's.
John R. Thomas.....Mrs. Welch's.
Thomas Turner.....No. 89, Capital Hotel.
Joseph R. Underwood.....Meriwether's.
John S. Underwood.....No. 85, Capital Hotel.
Zeh. Ward.....No. 65, Capital Hotel.
George P. Webster.....No. 34, Capital Hotel.
Alex. T. White.....J. H. Garrard's.
Nathaniel Wolfe.....No. 54, Capital Hotel.
Geo. H. Yennan.....Mrs. Welch's.
Bryan R. Young.....No. 60, Capital Hotel.
Milton Young.....Mrs. Welch's.
Van B. Young.....Mrs. Letcher's.
W. T. Samuels, Cler., at R. W. Blackburn's.
Jas. B. Lyne, Assistant-Clerk, at Mrs. Welch's.
J. L. Smalley, Sergeant-at-Arms, at Dr. J. S. Davidson's.

A Salute in Honor of the Kentucky Legislature.

New York, Sept. 14.—A grand salute of 97 guns will be fired at 4 o'clock this afternoon, in the Park, in honor of the House of Representatives and the 26 Senators of the Legislature of Kentucky who voted for and passed a joint resolution requesting the Governor to call out the military to drive Leonidas Polk and his rebel followers from the State.

DIED.

In this city, on the 16th inst., of consumption, Miss Mary L. CRUMBAUGH, in her 29th year, daughter of Jno. Crumbaugh, Esq., of this city.

LOOK AT THIS!

I WOULD inform my old patrons and the public, that I am again at the "BOURBON HOUSE," in Paris, Ky., and ask a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received.

Mrs. R. THURSTON.

P. S.—To all those owing the late firm of R. THURSTON & SONS, by note or account, I would say that I will exchange either for country produce at market price.

September 5, 1861. R. T.

POWDER.

KEGS POWDER for sale by

75 KEYS POWDER for sale by

July 22, 1861. GWIN & OWEN.

Frankfort Church Directory.

Baptist—Rev. T. C. McKee, Pastor—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School 9 A. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7½ P. M.

Roman Catholic—Rev. J. M. LANCASTER, Priest—Every Sunday. Worship, 10½ o'clock, A. M. Sabbath School, 3 P. M.

Old School Baptists—Rev. JOHN THEOBALD, Pastor—Preaching at the Court House every 3d Sabbath in each month, 11 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M.

Presbyterian—Rev. B. T. LACY, Pastor—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School 2 o'clock, P. M. Prayer meeting, Friday, 7½ P. M.

Methodist—Rev. Wm. McD. ABETT, Pastor—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School 9 A. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7½ P. M.

Ascension Church, Episcopal—Rev. J. N. NOTTON, Rector—Divine service, Sunday 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M., and on Friday at 4 P. M. Sunday School, 9½ A. M.

Christian—Elder W. T. MOORE, Pastor—Lord's Day Worship, 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School, 9 A. M. Lecture or prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7½ P. M.

These services are all open, and the seats in the Churches free to any who desire to attend Divine Worship.

If we have made any omission in reporting the various Churches of our city, we will take pleasure in correcting it, from any authentic information that may be given us.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A CARD.

To the Members of the General Assembly of Ky: GENTLEMEN: This card is adopted to avoid annoying you. I am a candidate for State Librarian, and, if elected, rest assured I will not abuse your confidence.

Refer to Hon. Jas. Harlan, Thos. S. Page, &c., &c. Respectfully,

A. B. TARRANT.

State Librarian.

Editor Frankfort Commonwealth:

Please announce me as a Union candidate for State Librarian at the next meeting of the Kentucky Legislature. I am in favor of Kentucky ever proving loyal to the United States, and may the stars and stripes forever float o'er her Capitol.

H. G. BANTA.

Forever float that standard sheet,
Where breathes the free but falls before us;
With freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And freedom's banner streaming o'er us!
FRANKFORT, July 19th, 1861—te.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EDGAR KEENON.....J. L. GIBBONS.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF STRAW GOODS.

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS.

DEALERS IN

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Boots, &c.

Shoes, Wall Paper, Carpet Bags, etc.,

UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.

MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

feb27 w&twly

A CONERY

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.

(LATE W. P. LOOMIS.)

Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives.

Call and see them. Prices to suit the times.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired.

Jan 18 18.

J. H. WATERMAN'S SCHOOL

Will begin the 16th, instead of the 12th inst.

No pupil will be received for a shorter time than for half session (20 weeks).

CHARGE—\$25 for 20 weeks—one half of which must be paid in advance.

No deduction for absence except in long sickness. [Sept. 6, 1861—lm.]

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address

REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN,

deed 12 ly. Williamsburg, New York.

TERMS CASH.

I have been compelled to adopt the cash system, which will enable me to sell good at ten to twenty per cent. lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date.

Sign of the Eagle.

June 4, 1861. A. CONERY.

Vacant Lots for Sale.

I HAVE several beautiful vacant Building Lots for sale. Call on me at my residence in South Frankfort.

THOS. A. THEOBALDS.

July 23—w&twtf.

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of 25 CENTS.

Price, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING,

48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF

Spalding's Cephalic Pills,

Will convince all who suffer from

HEADACHE,

That a Speedy and Sure Cure is Within their reach.

As these Testimonials were solicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two dollars' worth more.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige

Your old servant,

JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, I have received a great deal of benefit from them.

Yours, respectfully,

MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

SPRING CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA.,

January 18, 1861.

H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours,

JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861.

Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: Please find enclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.

Direct, A. STOVER, P. M.,

Belle Vernon, Wyandott Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860.

H. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send me.

One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache, has just had a severe attack, and was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours,

W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO,

January 9, 1861.

Henry C. Spalding, No. 48 Cedar St., N. Y.

Dear Sir—Enclosed find twenty-five cents (25), for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. William C. Miller, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio.

Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly. Truly yours,

WM. C. MILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.

Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Constipation, and received the same, and they had a good effect that I was induced to send for more.

Please send by return mail. Direct to

A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.

The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has never been discovered.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

DISPATCH!

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.

Address,

HENRY C. SPALDING,

No. 48 Cedar Street, New York.

CAUTION.

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

Bellingham's celebrated Stimulating Ointment for the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article.

THE STIMULATING OINTMENT

is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and warranted to bring out a thick set of

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. It applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or tawny hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The Ointment is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists' and Dealers; or a box of the "Ointment" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.18. Apply to, or address,

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,

Druggists, &c.,

feb22-6m* 24 William St., New York.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES.

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,

(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving

Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$35; Hemstitcher \$3 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommodation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock, A. M., until 9 o'clock, P. M.

March 21, 1860. M. L. PIERSON.

SAYRE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

THE next Scholastic year will open on Monday, the 1st of September, 1861, and close during the last week in June, 1862.

TERMS, PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Board and Tuition in English branches, \$100

Tuition for Day Scholars in Primary Department, 15

Tuition for Day Scholars in Collegiate Department, 20

These charges must be paid, strictly, in advance.

EXTRA CHARGES:

Music, with use of instrument, \$50

Drawing \$42, Painting in water colors \$15,

in oil, 20

Modern Languages \$12 each, Latin, 5

No pupil will be taken for less time than one session, and no deduction will be made for absence except in cases of long continued sickness.

Further information in regard to the School may be obtained from D. A. SAYRE, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, or from S. R. WILLIAMS, Principal of the Institute.

August 12, 1861—w4w and ch. Lex. Obs. & Rep.

NEW REMEDIES FOR

SPERMATORRHOEA.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, A

Beneficial Institution established by special endorsement, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKILLMAN HOWARD,

Howard Association, No. 2, S. Ninth St.,

July 26, 1861—wly. Philadelphia, Pa.

Samuel's New Establishment!

HENRY SAMUEL, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is again established in comfortable and commodious rooms, and ready to attend to all who may give him a call. His new establishment is in the building of Col. Hodges, on St. Clair street. He solicits public patronage, and hopes that his old friends and customers, especially, who patronized him before the fire, will now find their way back to his shop.

March 12, 1861—by.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE SECOND SESSION OF MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S school for boys will commence on Monday, August 19th, 1861, in the house lately occupied by H. E. Garrison, at the residence of Col. J. H. Garrard. All the usual English branches are taught in connection with Latin and Algebra.

Terms, per Session of Twenty Weeks, - \$15

July 8th.

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.

A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues in the Book Binding business, in all its branches, at his old stand, over Hon. J. Harlan's office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.

CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any patron, and of the very best quality of paper.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.

Frankfort, July 2, 1860—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of BAYER & KALTENBRUNN, is dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. Bayer having sold his interest in said firm to V. Kaltenbrunn, who will continue the business of Boot and Shoemaking at the old stand. J. H. Bayer will settle the business of the late firm.

J. H. BAYER.

V. KALTENBRUNN.

FRANKFORT, August 1, 1861—aug5-w2m.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE Seventh Session of Mrs. M. A. SATTERWHITE'S School for children, will commence on Monday, September 24, 1861.

Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks, - \$8

No deduction for voluntary absence.

July 24, 1861—tf.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

TO be had, day and night, at

SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1860.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS

Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns.

And with the 7:35 P. M. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight; whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, or Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS

Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 A. M., and 1:10 P. M., and Lexington at 6:00 A. M., and 1:50 P. M., and arrive at Covington at 11:00 A. M., and 6:27 P. M.

Stage Offices in Danville, Bryantville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cynthiana.

jan26-1860-tf. C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.

THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.

THROUGH TO CAIRO IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any of the following cities:

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA,

MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates.

Mark Car. E. O. Norton, Louisville.

For through tickets and rates of freight apply at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 555, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

Aug. 31, 1857—tf. E. O. NORTON, Agent.

JOHN W. VOORHIS,

Merchant Tailor,

SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET,

Opposite Gray & Todd's Grocery Store,

FRANKFORT, KY.,

HAS just received his large and extensive stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, of the best quality, and of the latest styles and patterns. He also has on hand a large assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

And everything necessary for furnishing a gentleman's entire wardrobe.

All work warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the Western country.

No Fit no SALE.

Frankfort, Oct. 5, 1860—tf.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand Yohhegany, Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms.

His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden.

JOHN C. BATES.

September 3, 1860—tf.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

About the 6th instant, a light BAY HORSE, shed all round, 15½ hands high, with a star in his forehead and snip on the nose; one hind foot white; 8 or 9 years old. He may have light harness marks, as he works in my carriage.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD

Will be paid upon conviction of the thief and return of the horse, if stolen; or a generous reward if he should have strayed.

Frankfort, Dec 12 tf. A. W. DUDLEY.

LOOK AT THIS!

J. L. MOORE & SON,

ARE RECEIVING THEIR

FALL & WINTER GOODS!

September 3, 1860—w4wtf.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

On and after Monday July 8th, 1861, Freight Trains will leave Louisville only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, and Lexington only on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, running on regular car time.

SAM. GILL, Sup't.

July 6, 1861.

WANTED.

POUNDS LIVE GESE FEATHERS, for which Furniture will be exchanged at cash prices.

feb13 A. G. CAMMAACK.

Telegraph Office Removed.

THE Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All parties in business with the office will please notice this change.

T. C. KYTE,

Agent.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE.

New Spring and Summer CLOTHING!

H. STRAUSS would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country that he is now opening at his Clothing Store in the room on St. Clair street lately occupied by Mr. G. W. Dixon, a LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS. He has also a complete stock of Boys and Youth's Clothing, of the best quality, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.

He can furnish customers with fine business and dress suits of superior quality, and made in the best style, cheap for cash.

Those who wish cheap Clothing are invited to call and examine his stock.

Mr. C. N. JOHNSTON, who is well known in this community as a Tailor, is employed as salesman in this establishment, where he will be pleased to see his friends. He will attend to Cutting clothes as usual.

ap8 tf.

25 BELLS 3 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon, made by D. Swigert, and for sale by

W. H. KEENE.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS should be kept in every family. It invariably corrects the ill effects of change of weather, and as a beverage it is the purest liquor made in the world.

Put up in pint and quart bottles. Also—

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Cognac Brandy,

Imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure, and the best quality, with his certificate on the bottle, and his seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Port Wine.

Imported and bottled by himself, put up for medicinal use, with his certificate on the bottle; warranted pure and the best quality.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Sherry Wine.

Imported and bottled by himself, the same as the Port Wine.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Madeira Wine.

Imported and bottled by himself for private and medicinal use; the best Wine ever offered for sale to the trade in bottles. This Wine is warranted perfectly pure.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

Pure Jamaica Rum,

ST. CROIX RUM, SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKY.

All the above imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure and the best quality.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in New York, that what I pledge and testify to with my seal, my label, and my certificate, is correct, and can be relied upon by every purchaser.